

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY PULSE

Turkey: Activity accelerates further

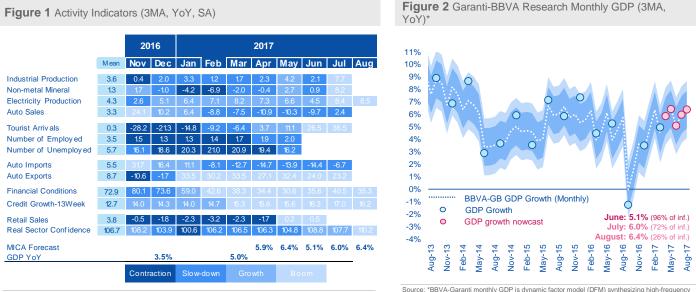
Seda Guler / Asuman Kemiksiz / Gizem Onen

08 September 2017

Industrial production (IP) in July grew remarkably by 14.5% yoy (cal.adj.), well above market expectations. Adding to previous year's sharp decline, the strength of the IP growth also proved to be valid for many sectors suggesting an activity boom in both more robust and faster pace as it accelerated much higher in contrast to 2Q's 4.6% and 1Q's 2.1% growth. Our monthly GDP indicator (GBTRGDPY index at Bloomberg) nowcasts 5.1% GDP growth for 2Q (to be published on Monday) and hints even higher performance for 3Q. In August, manufacturing PMI had its highest level for more than 6 years and foreign trade data also shows the signals of increasing import demand. Electricity production in August continued to be strong as well. Although most of the information for the rest of 3Q are so far soft-data, it will not be a surprise when also confirmed by hard-data. Having in mind our 2Q GDP nowcast and considering an acceleration in 3Q with both base impact and enhanced activity, we believe that the risks on our 5% GDP growth expectation for 2017 are clearly on the upside, even with our expectation for some deceleration in 4Q.

Broad-based activity gains

In July on calendar adjusted basis, IP growth was supported by most of the sub-sectors, mostly via intermediate and capital goods production with contributions of 5.2pp and 3.9pp, respectively. What we had in 2Q was acceleration in consumption goods production via mostly durable goods but still weak non-durable goods. In July, even excluding the base impact, non-durable goods production also gained pace (clothing& textile taking the lead), which is a worthy start for 3Q. Intermediate goods production being stronger in July hints an indication for future production and investment. What we observe is; not only the base impact was responsible for the very high growth in July, but also the economic activity overall has gained momentum in 3Q, as we initially suggested. As we foresee better consumption, investment and exports dynamics, we believe that policy stimulus could continue to take a backseat gradually to relax budget conditions. Our monthly GDP indicator signals 6.4% (26% of info) growth in August 3MA.



Source: Garanti-BBVA Research Monthly GDP Model, Turkstat

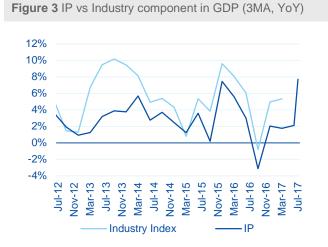
Source: "BBVA-Garanti monthly GDP is dynamic factor model (DFM) synthesizing high-frequency indicators to proxy monthly growth of GDP. Source: BBVA-Garanti Monthly GDP Model, Turkstat "Our indicator is also available on Bloomberg with the ticker GBTRGDPY Index

Activity over performs in 3Q

The good signals of activity indicators in 2Q will be reinforced in 3Q supported by the very low statistical base effect and the stimulus from fiscal and macroprudencial policies. The outperformance of the economic activity thus poses clear risks on the upside to our 5% growth expectation for 2017. Next Monday (11th of September), the 2Q GDP figure will be published and a result higher than 5.1% will lead us to change our overall 2017 forecast.

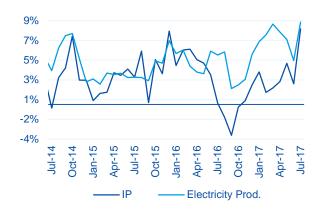


ECONOMIC ACTIVITY PULSE

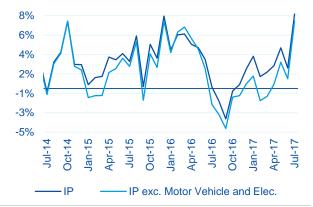


Source: Garanti Research, Turkstat

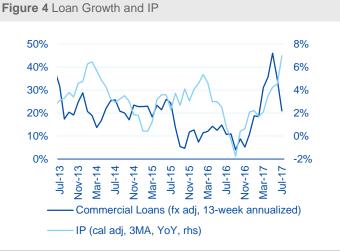
Figure 5 IP & Electricity Production (3MA, YoY)



Source: Garanti Research, Turkstat, TETC **Figure 7** IP Excluding Motor and Electricity Production (3MA, YoY)

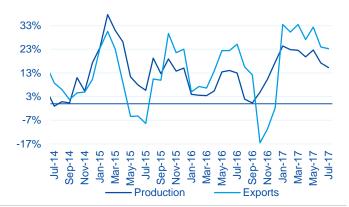


Source: Garanti Research & Turkstat



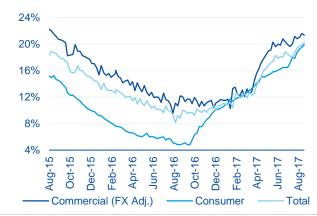
Source: Garanti Research, Turkstat, CBT, BRSA

Figure 6 Automotive Prod. & Exports (3MA, YoY)



Source: Garanti Research, Turkstat, CBT, AMA

Figure 8 Loan Growth Rates (YoY)



Source: Garanti Research, Turkstat, CBT, BRSA



ECONOMIC ACTIVITY PULSE

DISCLAIMER

This document has been prepared by BBVA Research Department, it is provided for information purposes only and expresses data, opinions or estimations regarding the date of issue of the report, prepared by BBVA or obtained from or based on sources we consider to be reliable, and have not been independently verified by BBVA. Therefore, BBVA offers no warranty, either express or implicit, regarding its accuracy, integrity or correctness.

Estimations this document may contain have been undertaken according to generally accepted methodologies and should be considered as forecasts or projections. Results obtained in the past, either positive or negative, are no guarantee of future performance.

This document and its contents are subject to changes without prior notice depending on variables such as the economic context or market fluctuations. BBVA is not responsible for updating these contents or for giving notice of such changes.

BBVA accepts no liability for any loss, direct or indirect, that may result from the use of this document or its contents.

This document and its contents do not constitute an offer, invitation or solicitation to purchase, divest or enter into any interest in financial assets or instruments. Neither shall this document nor its contents form the basis of any contract, commitment or decision of any kind.

In regard to investment in financial assets related to economic variables this document may cover, readers should be aware that under no circumstances should they base their investment decisions in the information contained in this document. Those persons or entities offering investment products to these potential investors are legally required to provide the information needed for them to take an appropriate investment decision.

The content of this document is protected by intellectual property laws. It is forbidden its reproduction, transformation, distribution, public communication, making available, extraction, reuse, forwarding or use of any nature by any means or process, except in cases where it is legally permitted or expressly authorized by BBVA.