

Economic Watch

Turkey: The CBRT reinforces credibility

Adem Ileri / Serkan Kocabas / Seda Guler Mert / Alvaro Ortiz 6 March 2019

The Central Bank (CBRT) kept its policy rate (one-week repo, 24%) unchanged in line with expectations. The policy statement is almost the same with the latest one and maintains the tight tone (as seen in our Big Data CBRT sentiment index) by being prudent on inflation outlook and keeping the door open for further tightening if needed. Despite the recent better than expected inflation figures, the permanent component of inflation (when adjusted from cyclical, seasonal and irregular factors) continues to remain high and doesn't imply a clear disinflation trend yet. Also, cost-push factors and volatile food inflation remain to be the main upside risks on inflation, keeping inflation expectations still far from anchored. Hence, the message "to maintain the tight monetary policy stance until inflation outlook displays a significant improvement" is preserved, which signals the prudence on inflation outlook and pays way to restore further credibility. In our view, the CBRT should wait for June (when the recovery in inflation becomes more obvious) to start a gradual easing cycle.

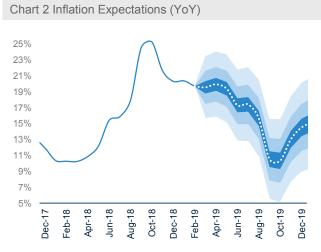
Inflation outlook will require more patience...

In contrast to our initial expectations, the appreciation in the currency, utility price reductions and the extension of tax incentives all led to a downward shift in our expected inflation path in the short term. Though, despite the Government's municipality stalls selling food with subsidized prices, cost-push factors and some structural problems continue to weigh on food inflation, creating additional volatility in the headline figure. Besides, the sticky services inflation implying the high inertia on backward pricing, minimum wage hike beyond expectations and tighter financial conditions makes it harder to anchor expectations. Despite some easing, medium term inflation expectations stay high, where one-year ahead inflation expectation is near 16% and two-year ahead at 12%. All in all, according to our estimates, the trend (permanent) factor that eliminates the temporary effects in inflation starts to show some stabilization but still remains at an unfavorable level of near 14.5%, which is early to introduce any imminent rate cut, in our view. Hence, the CBRT carries the need to maintain its tight stance (as seen in our Big Data CBRT sentiment index in Chart 1), which will help to restore credibility and make it easier to manage medium term inflation expectations with more clarity and predictability in time.

Chart 1 CBRT Big Data Monetary Policy Sentiment Index



Source: BBVA Research Turkey, CBRT



Source: BBVA Research Turkey

...not to start an easing cycle at least before June

As also confirmed by the CRBT, despite the recovery in recent inflation figures and sharper adjustment in activity, uncertainties over the pricing behavior still prevail. We maintain our view that the CBRT should wait for June, when the improvement in inflation outlook will become more promising on wider negative output gap and easing exchange rate pass-thru, to start a gradual easing cycle. Depending on the attained disinflationary path, the CBRT could deliver a total of 500bps cuts till the end of the year according to our year-end inflation estimate at 14.5%.

Creating Opportunities



DISCLAIMER

This document has been prepared by BBVA Research Department, it is provided for information purposes only and expresses data, opinions or estimations regarding the date of issue of the report, prepared by BBVA or obtained from or based on sources we consider to be reliable, and have not been independently verified by BBVA. Therefore, BBVA offers no warranty, either express or implicit, regarding its accuracy, integrity or correctness.

Estimations this document may contain have been undertaken according to generally accepted methodologies and should be considered as forecasts or projections. Results obtained in the past, either positive or negative, are no guarantee of future performance.

This document and its contents are subject to changes without prior notice depending on variables such as the economic context or market fluctuations. BBVA is not responsible for updating these contents or for giving notice of such changes.

BBVA accepts no liability for any loss, direct or indirect, that may result from the use of this document or its contents.

This document and its contents do not constitute an offer, invitation or solicitation to purchase, divest or enter into any interest in financial assets or instruments. Neither shall this document nor its contents form the basis of any contract, commitment or decision of any kind.

In regard to investment in financial assets related to economic variables this document may cover, readers should be aware that under no circumstances should they base their investment decisions in the information contained in this document. Those persons or entities offering investment products to these potential investors are legally required to provide the information needed for them to take an appropriate investment decision.

The content of this document is protected by intellectual property laws. It is forbidden its reproduction, transformation, distribution, public communication, making available, extraction, reuse, forwarding or use of any nature by any means or process, except in cases where it is legally permitted or expressly authorized by BBVA.



This report has been produced by:

Chief Economist Álvaro Ortiz

alvaro.ortiz@bbva.com

Pelin Ayrancı

pelin.ayranci@bbva.com

Ali Batuhan Barlas albari@bbva.com

Yigit Engin yigite@bbva.com

Deniz Ergun denizer@bbva.com Seda Guler Mert sedagul@bbva.com

Adem İleri ademil@bbva.com Serkan Kocabas serkankoc@bbva.com









