

# Disentangling risks, activity and performance based on US corporate reports

Big Things 2019

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# Why is the use of NLP important in business and economics?

## Text as a key source of information to enrich business and economic analysis



80%

of the total amount of web pages on the internet is given **textual or unstructured data**



**Text mining** to extract meaning from strings of letters



The potential use of textual information and text sources **improves the understanding of business and the economy**

## Why is the use of NLP important in business and economics? **Focusing on business, corporate reports hint plenty of soft information in form of text with a huge analytical potential**



US corporate

quarterly and annual reports provide a comprehensive overview on a **company's** activities and **financial** performance throughout the year and future plans.

# 2/3

of the information in corporate quarterly and annual reports is **textual or unstructured data.**



# Analyzing US corporate reports narrative: the data

## Exploring the main filing reports by the US companies to the SEC



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## Quarterly reports

Company's quarterly report which gives an understanding about the changes that could happen in business even before it reflects in earning figure.

## Annual reports

In depth analysis of the company to understand its financial state including corporate history, financial statements, earnings per share and any other relevant data.

# Analyzing US corporate reports narrative: the data

## Focusing on the analysis of financial conditions and forward-looking statements

Assessing risks and uncertainties

Complementing hard data, it gives hints about the future

### ITEM 2 (10Q REPORT) ITEM 7 (10K REPORT)

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

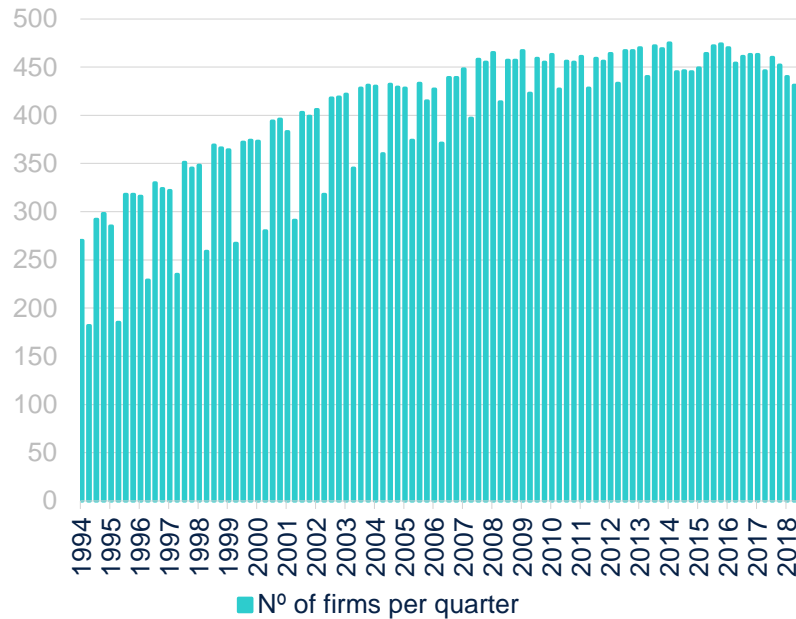
This section and other parts of this Annual Report on Form 10-K (Form 10-K) contain forward-looking statements, within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, that involve risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements provide current expectations of future events based on certain assumptions and include any statement that does not directly relate to any historical or current fact. Forward-looking statements can also be identified by words such as "future," "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "expects," "intends," "plans," "predicts," "will," "would," "could," "can," "may," and similar terms. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and the Company's actual results may differ significantly from the results discussed in the forward-looking statements. Factors that might cause such differences include, but are not limited to, those discussed in Part I, Item 1A of this Form 10-K under the heading "Risk Factors," which are incorporated herein by reference. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in Part II, Item 8 of this Form 10-K. All information presented herein is based on the Company's fiscal calendar. Unless otherwise stated, references to particular years, quarters, months or periods refer to the Company's fiscal years ended in September and the associated quarters, months and periods of those fiscal years. Each of the terms the "Company" and "Apple" as used herein refers collectively to Apple Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, unless otherwise stated. The Company assumes no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statements for any reason, except as required by law.

Analyzing US financial narratives helps to understand the US economic performance, the main opportunities and challenges ahead.

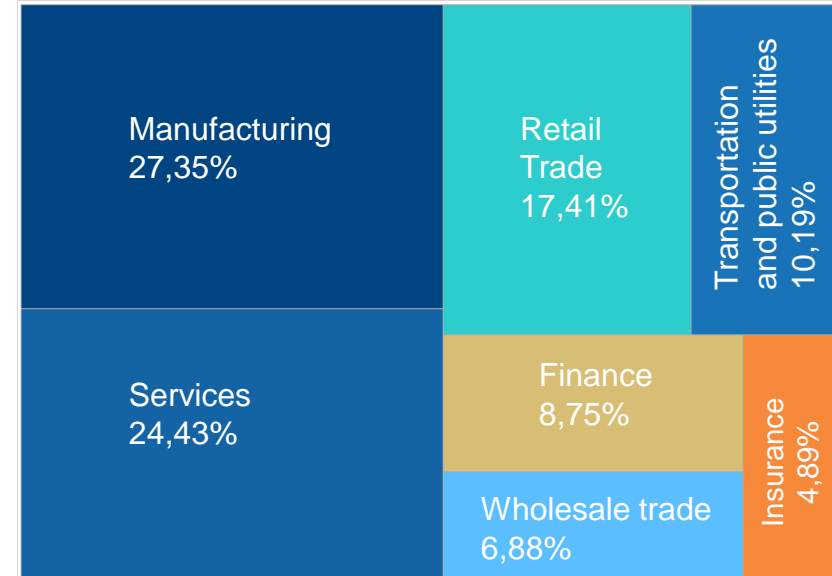
Analyzing US corporate reports narrative: the data

**We got more than 21 million corporate files from 1994 to 2019, specially from manufacturing and services sectors**

NUMBER OF SP500 FIRMS DISTRIBUTION OVER TIME



NUMBER OF SP500 FIRMS DISTRIBUTION BY SECTOR OF ACTIVITY IN 2000-2019







## Analyzing US corporate reports narrative: the methodology

### Topic models and Word2Vec

We use two different **approaches** to find hidden semantic structure in documents.

#### Latent Dirichlet Allocation (LDA)

##### Unsupervised learning

A machine learning algorithm for probabilistic topic modeling that decomposes documents in a set of topics where each **topic** is characterized by a **distribution of words**.

#### Word2Vec Neural Network

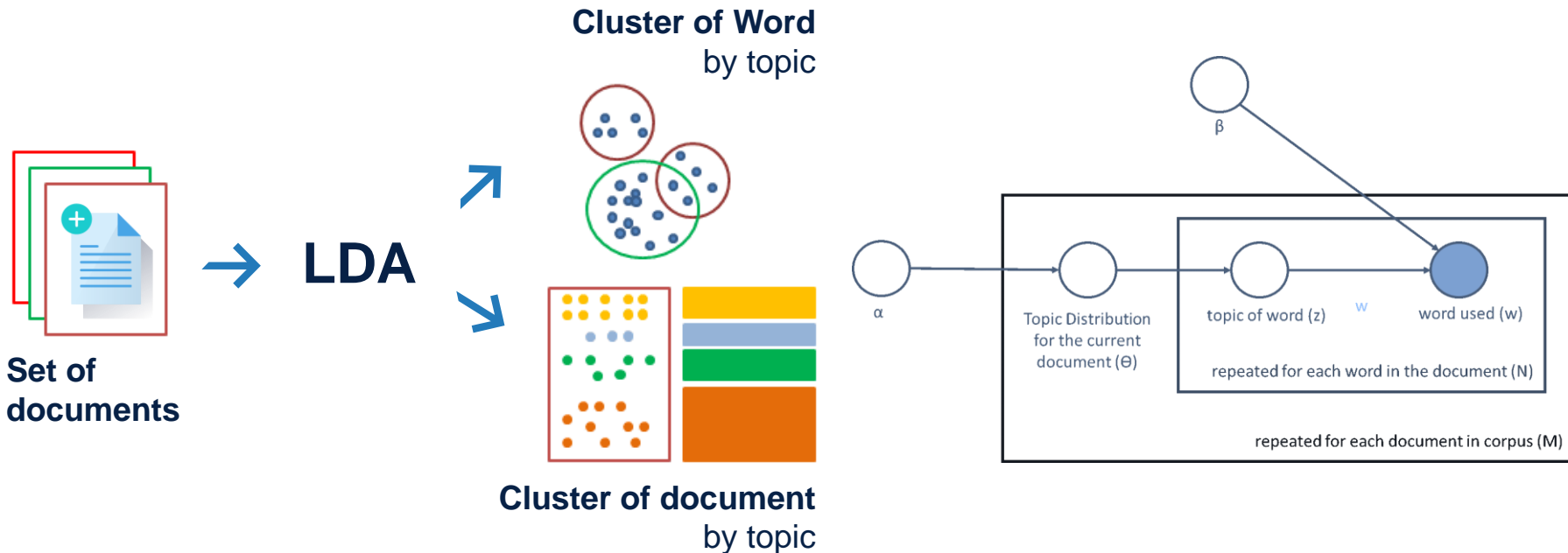
##### Semi-supervised learning



A neural network to produce word embeddings, trained to reconstruct linguistic contexts of words. It produces a continuous skip-gram architecture where the model uses the current word to predict the surrounding window of **context words**, weighing nearby context words more heavily than more distant context words.

# Analyzing US corporate reports narrative: the methodology

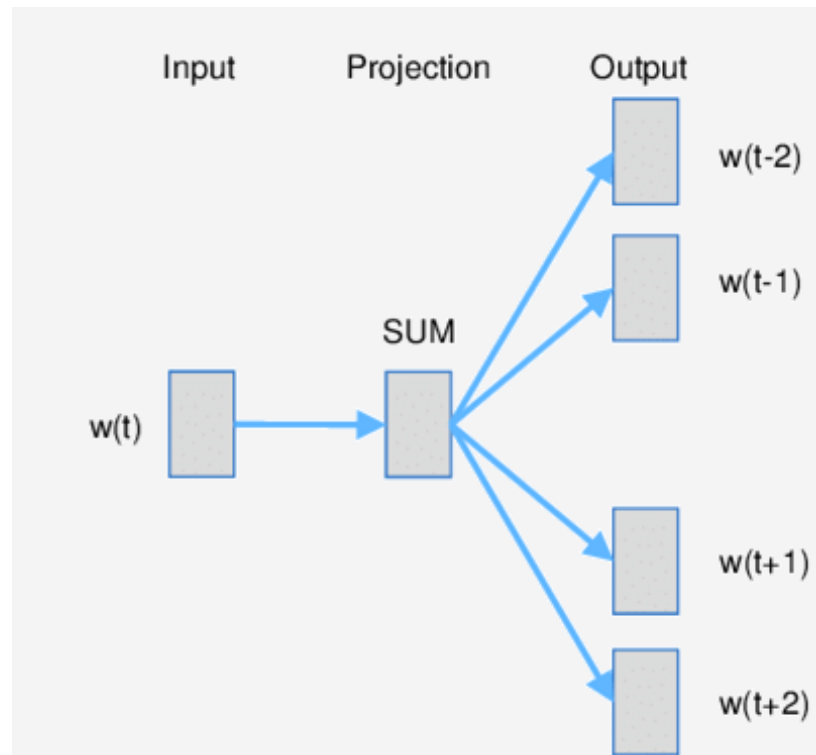
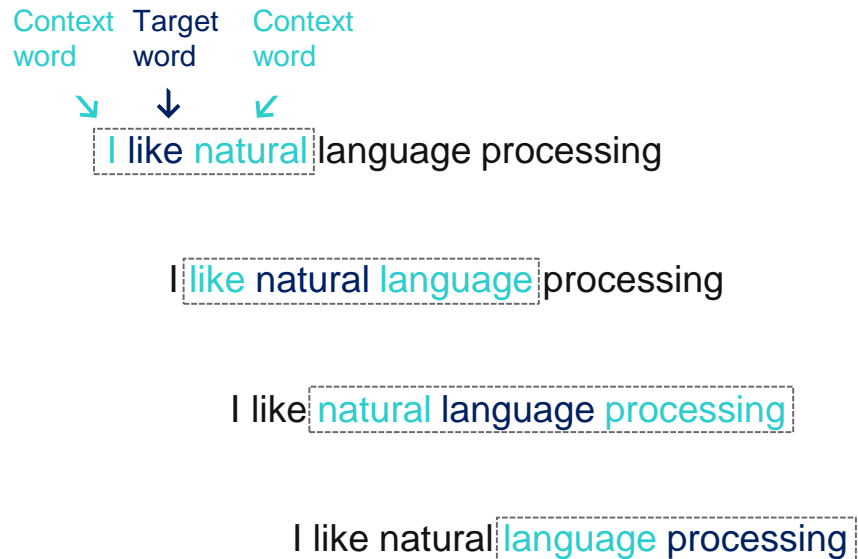
## Latent Dirichlet Allocation and Dynamic Topic Model



## Dynamic Topic Model (DTM)

to introduce time-series dependencies into the data generating process

## Analyzing US corporate reports narrative: the methodology

**Word2Vec. Skip-gram model**

# Analyzing US corporate reports narrative: the methodology

## Sentiment analysis through the lexicon approach

### LOUGHRAN AND MCDONALD DICTIONARY (2011, DEVELOPED TO ANALYZE CORPORATE REPORTS)

Big Data and Data Science techniques allows us to measure and analyze text using natural language processing methodology, also known as text mining or computational linguistics. The information included in the form of text could fully complement and improve our structured databases traditionally used in economic research. This novel approach, which permits to complement and combine traditional economic tools with new emerging tools thanks to the use of Big Data, has plenty of applications with a huge potential for economic research. In this project, we analyze risk interconnectedness, uncertainties and economic performance in US through corporate reports using advanced natural language processing techniques and machine learning. The developed methodologies and tools show a tremendous usefulness to asses risk management and better understand the behavior and driving forces of business performance. There are many signals that precede a collapse, and tracking these trends will help us to anticipate the collapse, becoming an important early warning tool for economic analysis.



#### Positive words

- ✓ Achieve
- ✓ Benefit
- ✓ Efficiency
- ✓ Outperform
- ✓ Progress
- ✓ Stabilize
- ✓ Strength
- ✓ Versatility



#### Negative words

- × Bankruptcy
- × Bottleneck
- × Corrupt
- × Downgrade
- × Fallout
- × Imbalance
- × Monopolize
- × Stagnant

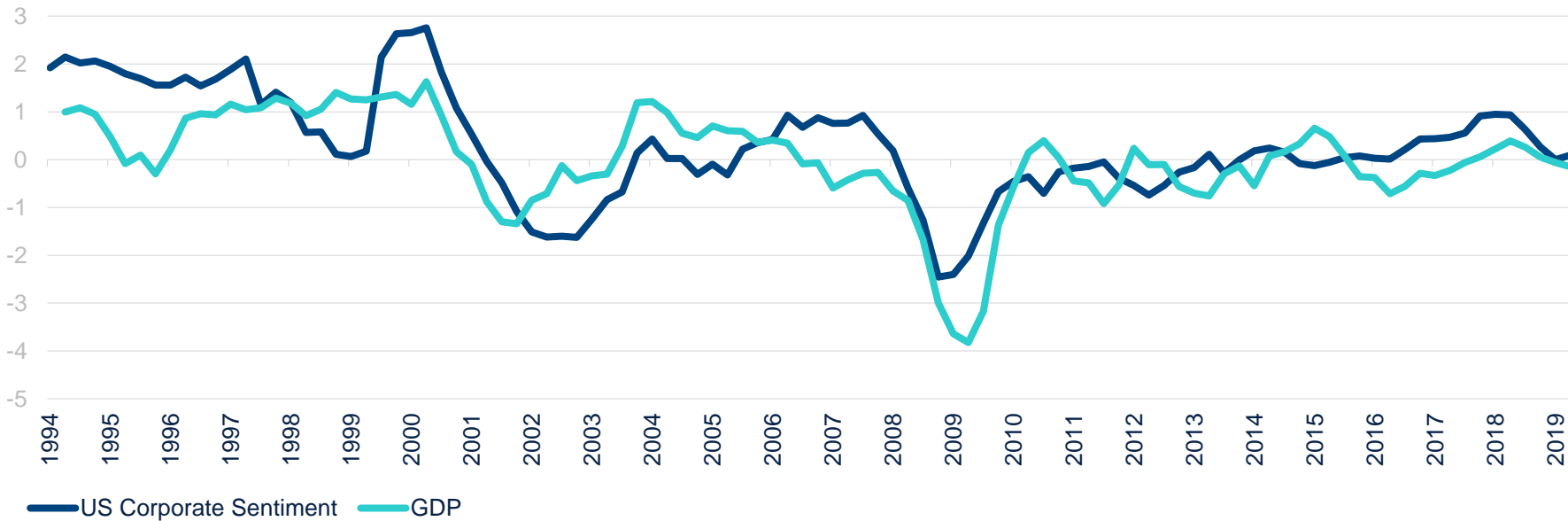
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$$\text{Average tone} = \frac{\sum \text{Positive words} - \sum \text{Negative words}}{\sum \text{Total words}}$$

# Analyzing US corporate reports narrative: sentiment analysis

## The sentiment from US corporates narratives mimics the US GDP evolution over time

**BBVA RESEARCH US SENTIMENT INDEX BASED ON US CORPORATE REPORTS AND US GDP**  
(STANDARDIZED, ESTIMATED THROUGH BIG DATA TECHNIQUES FROM 10Q & 10K REPORTS)

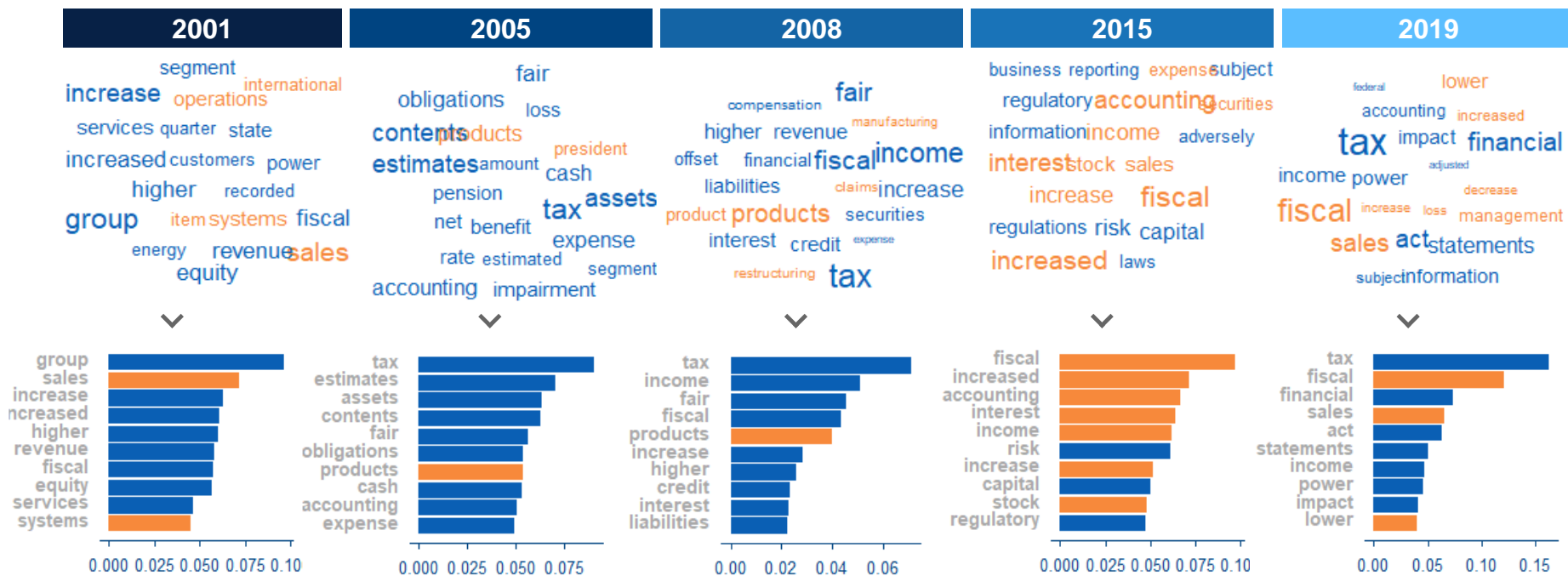


# Analyzing US corporate reports narrative: text mining analysis

## The US narrative analysis provides a comprehensive image of the main emerging issues through the years

### MOST FREQUENT WORDS BY YEAR IN THE ANALYZED DOCUMENTS

(YOY VARIATIONS. WORDS IN BLUE/ORANGE MEANS A POSITIVE/NEGATIVE VARIATION)

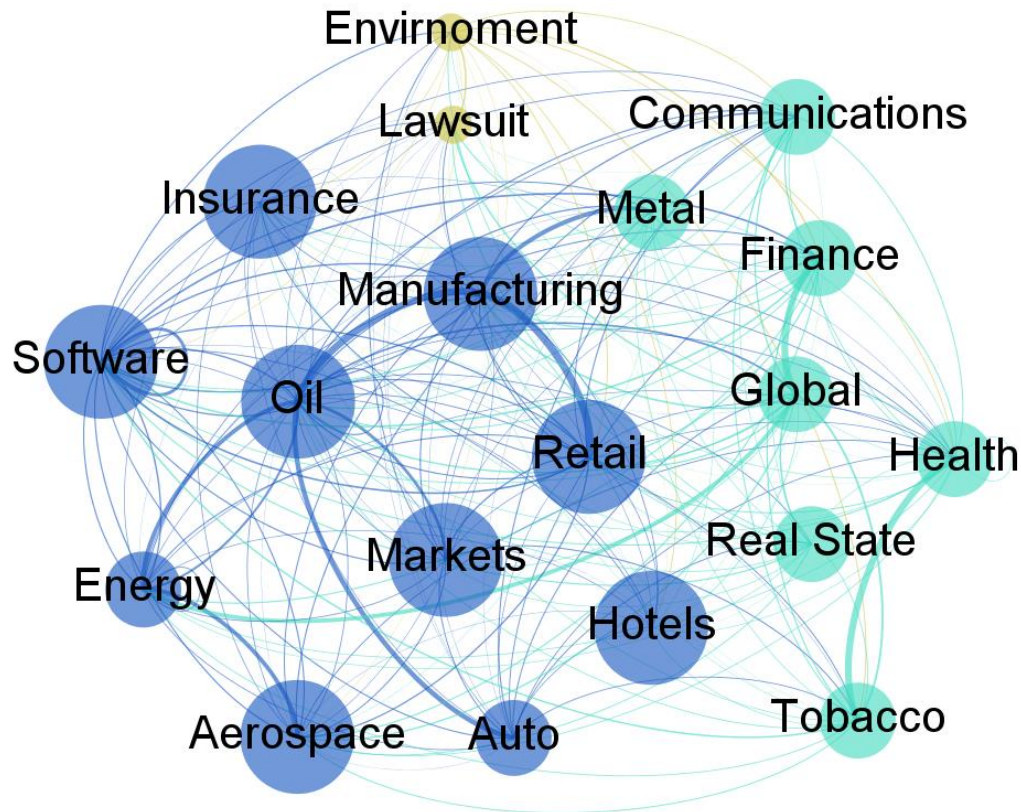








## Analyzing US corporate reports narrative: LDA analysis ... and how they interrelate between each other



- The co-occurrence of LDA topics shows **three main clusters** of topics.
- The energy sector, oil and manufacturing are closed related with each other, while global issues is more related with financial sector and the environmental topics with regulation.

# Analyzing US corporate reports narrative: Word2Vec analysis

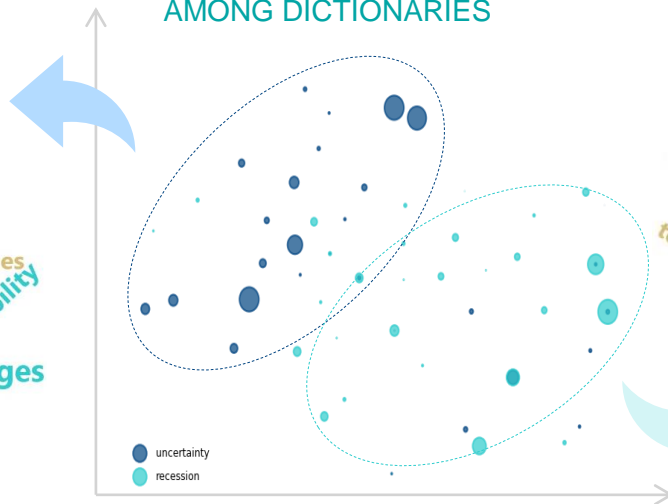
## Focusing on risks and uncertainties, we can also deepen in the context where they are mentioned...

### WORD2VEC DICTIONARY FOR RECESSION AND UNCERTAINTY

#### UNCERTAINTY DICTIONARY



#### DISTRIBUTION OF WORDS AMONG DICTIONARIES



#### RECESSION DICTIONARY

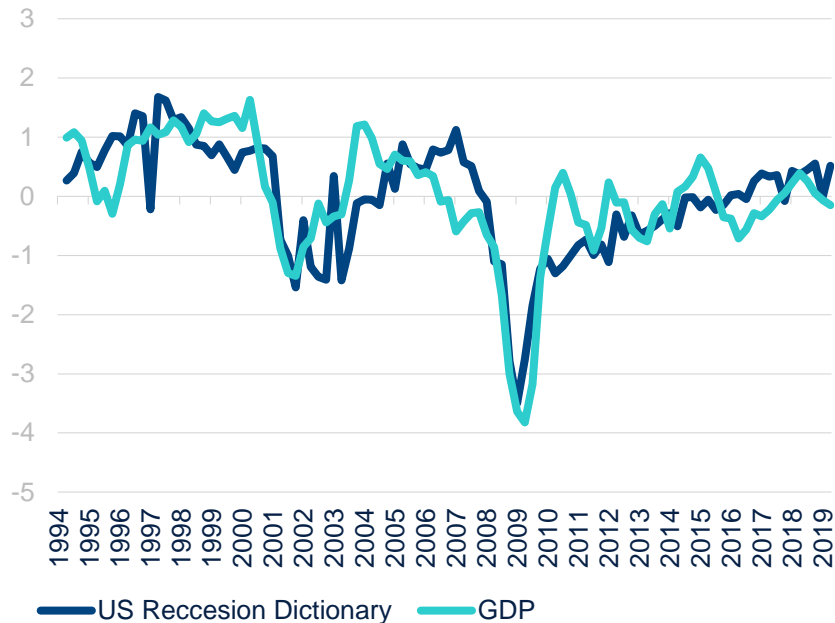
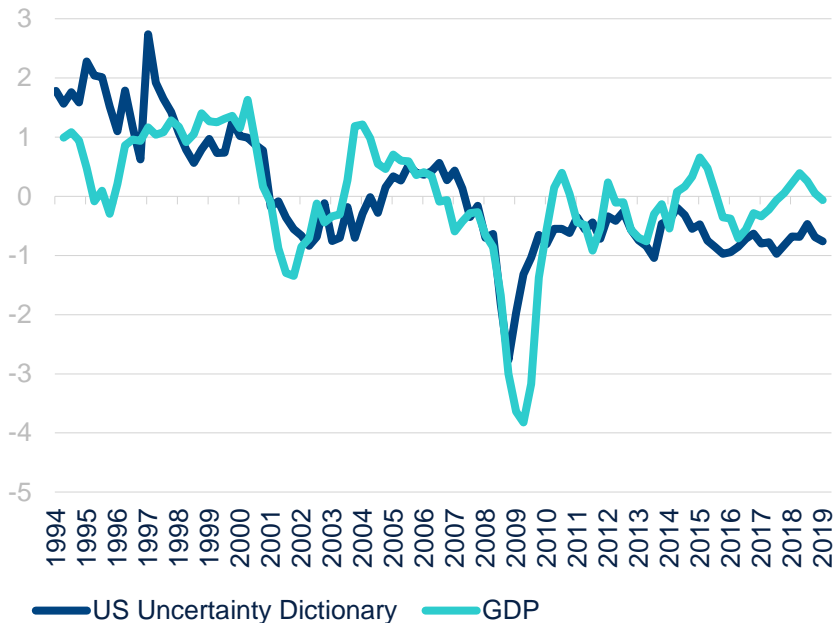


Uncertainty and recession dictionaries are well differentiated between them, given that the most relevant words in each of them are not common between dictionaries.

# Analyzing US corporate reports narrative: Word2Vec analysis ... monitoring its evolution over time

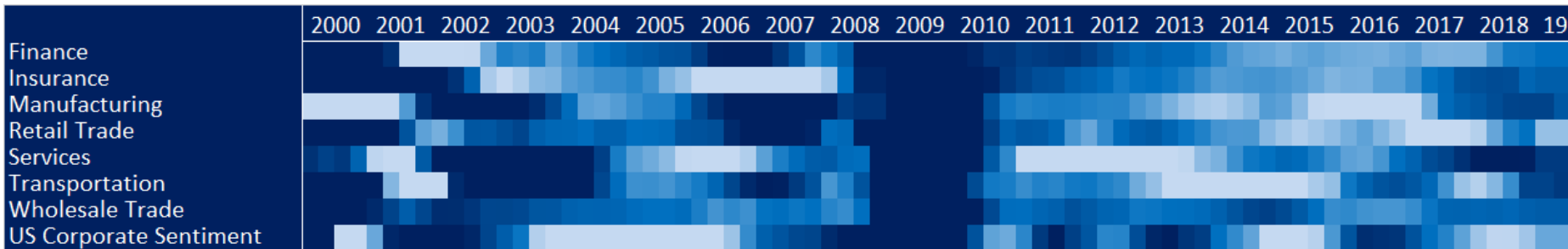
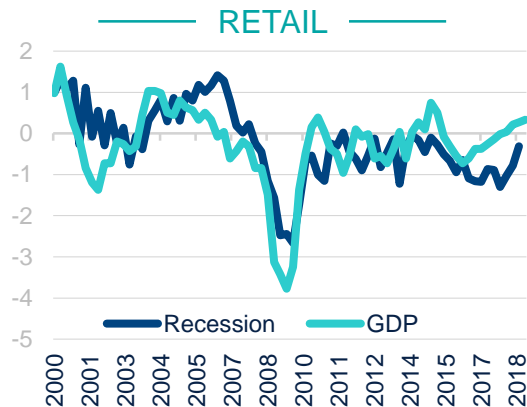
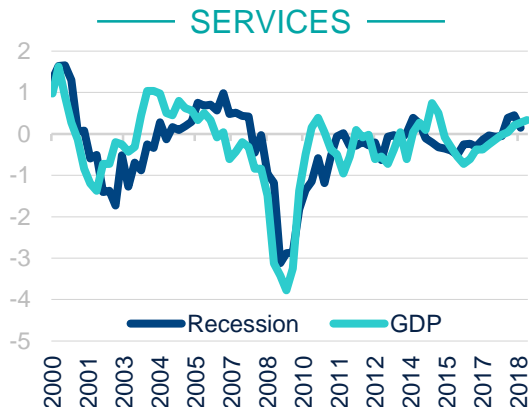
## BBVA RESEARCH UNCERTAINTY & RECESSION INDICES BASED ON CORPORATE REPORTS

(STANDARDIZED, ESTIMATED THROUGH BIG DATA TECHNIQUES FROM 10Q & 10K REPORTS)



## Analyzing US corporate reports narrative: Word2Vec analysis ... disentangling by sector of activity

**BBVA RESEARCH RECESSION INDICES BASED ON CORPORATE REPORTS BY SECTOR OF ACTIVITY**  
(STANDARDIZED, ESTIMATED THROUGH BIG DATA TECHNIQUES FROM 10Q & 10K REPORTS)



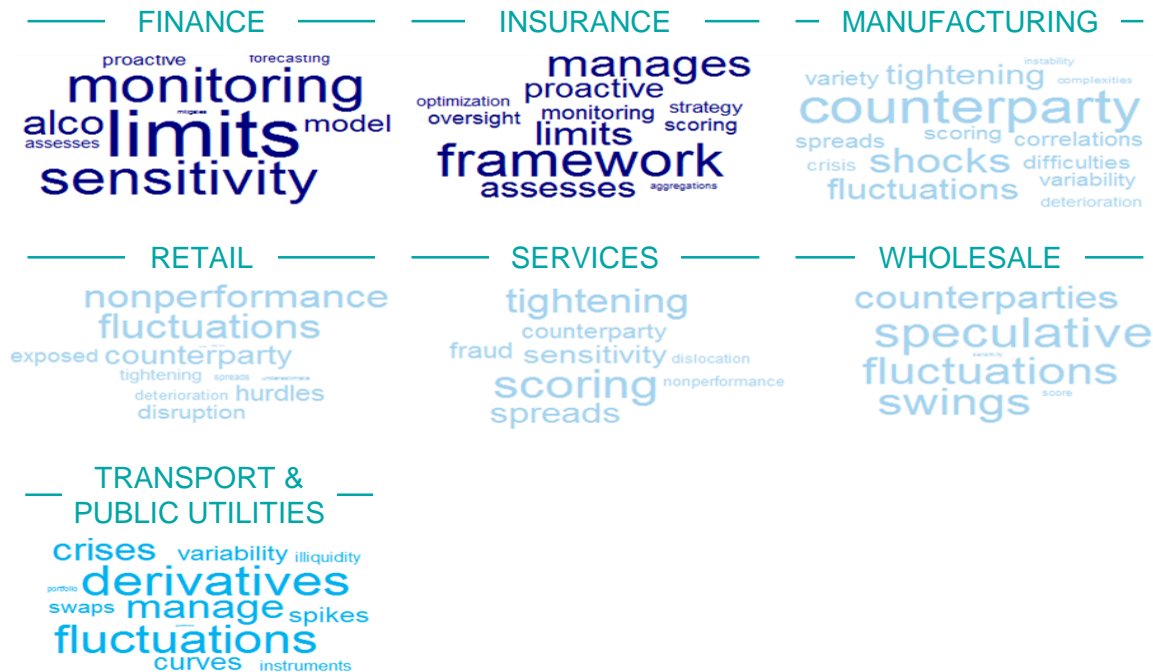




## Analyzing US corporate reports narrative: Word2Vec analysis

### Financial sector is more oriented to global issues while the rest of sectors are more related with the economic cycle

#### MOST RELEVANT WORDS IN RISK DICTIONARIES BY SECTOR OF ACTIVITY

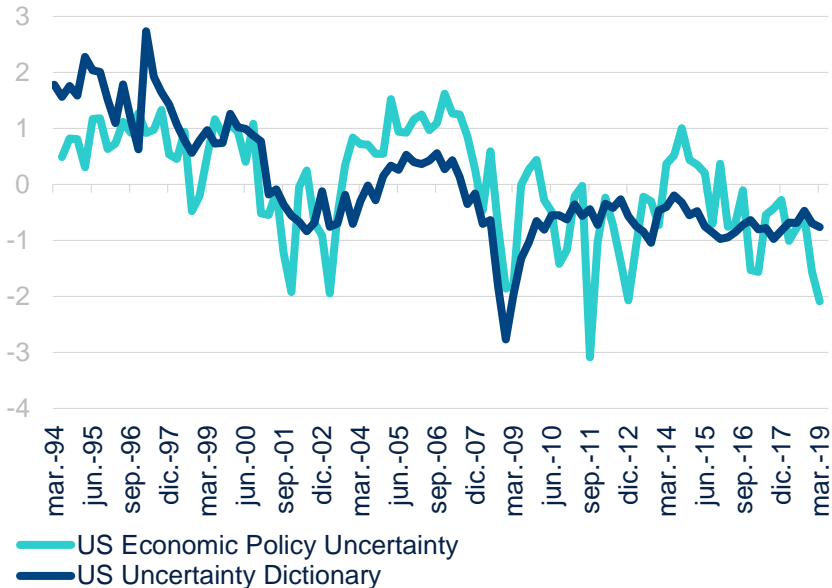


- The analysis by sector of activity of risk dictionaries shows that **finance** and **insurance** narratives are close to each other, while they differ from the rest of sectors.

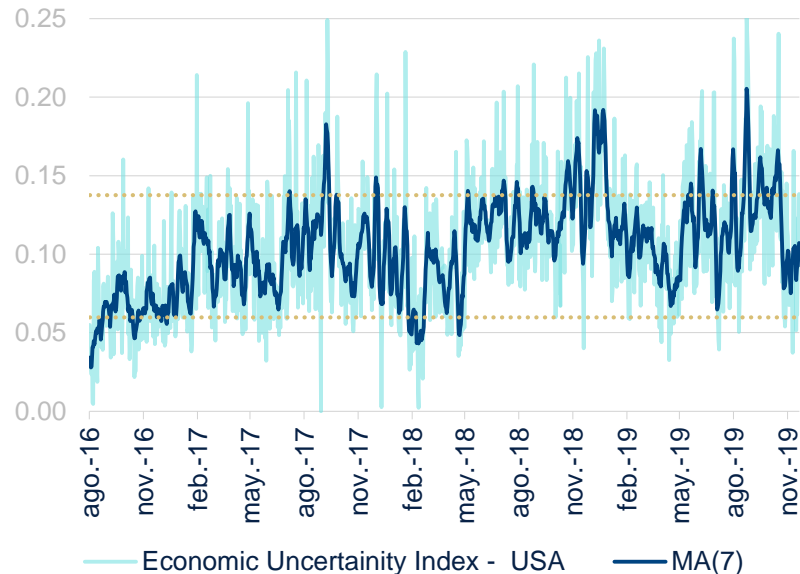
# Analyzing US corporate reports narrative: comparing with high frequency data

## This historical long-run analysis can be complemented with high frequency data using media information

**BBVA RESEARCH US UNCERTAINTY INDEX BASED ON CORPORATE REPORTS AND EPU INDEX**  
(STANDARDIZED, EPU INDEX FROM BAKER ET AL. (2016))



**BBVA RESEARCH US UNCERTAINTY INDEX BASED ON NEWS ON DAILY BASIS** (NORMALIZED, FROM GDELT DATABASE)





# You can find us at:



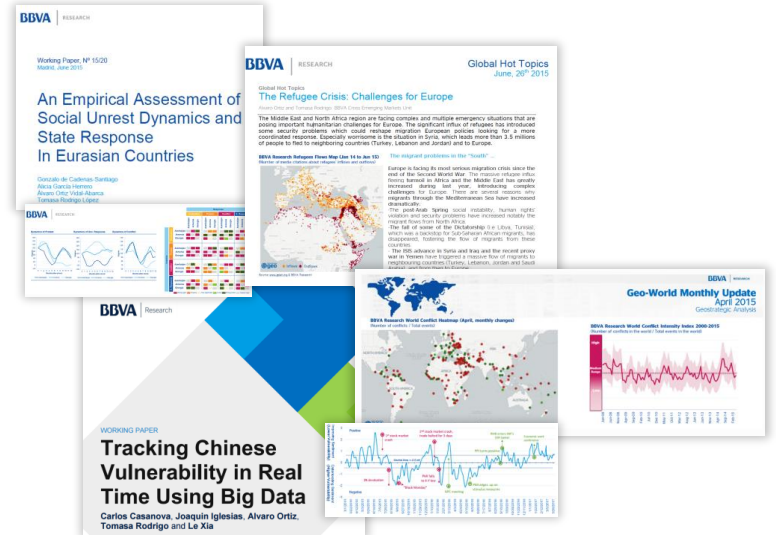
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# Thank you!

# Disentangling risks, activity and performance based on US corporate reports

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