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Section I

### Main messages

Divergences between the EU and the US are evident. In some cases convergence is not possible. In others it just must happen, but how?

- Public disclosure of stress test results is necessary in Europe though not sufficient. Results must be credible in order to provide triage among banks. Moreover, a public backstop facility must be put in place to prevent panic reactions in case of a dire outcome. Biggest challenge for EU authorities will be to ensure credibility.
- Move from rhetorical convergence between FASB and the IASB, to real convergence. The European mix model should prevail.
- Avoid patch work effects by focusing only in one stage (in Europe bank levy) and develop a comprehensive an effective crisis management framework (prevention, early intervention, resolution and liquidation)
- Establish a benchmark in supervisory practices to provide homogeneous micro-prudential supervision. We welcome that In Europe Macro-prudential to be carried out in close cooperation with central banks. Better information sharing mechanisms.

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Section I

Main messages

Global governance: diverging forces seem to be gaining ground...

Washington G20 Summit (Dec. 08) • Initial spirit of cooperation and global collaboration

London and Pittsburg (2009)

 Real commitment to make the G20 the central forum for coordinated financial regulatory reform

January to June 2010

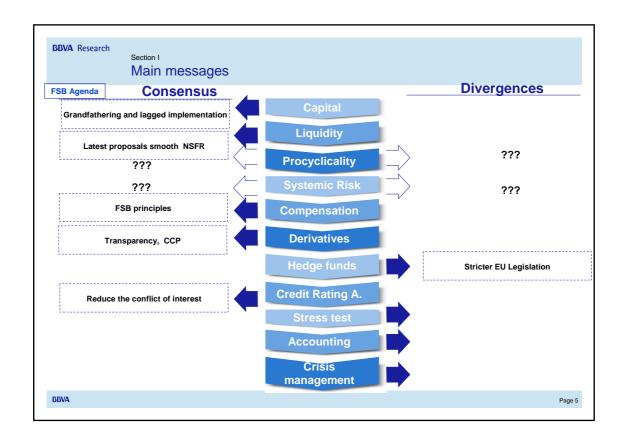
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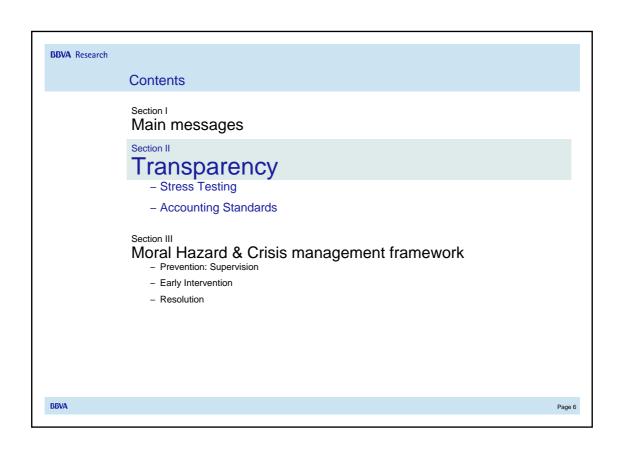
**Toronto Summit** 

- · Divergences appear when specific issues are addressed
- Political pressure in the US and sovereign debt crisis in Europe incentive unilateral solutions
- · US financial reform approved
- Fiscal consolidation will be the main issue
  - Financial debate will center on bank levy, where there is total lack of consensus: EU wants a bank levy, emerging economies oppose bank levy and the US would most probably favor an ex-post bank levy

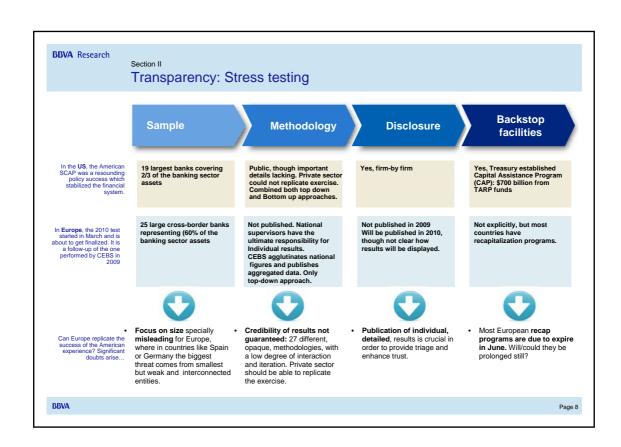
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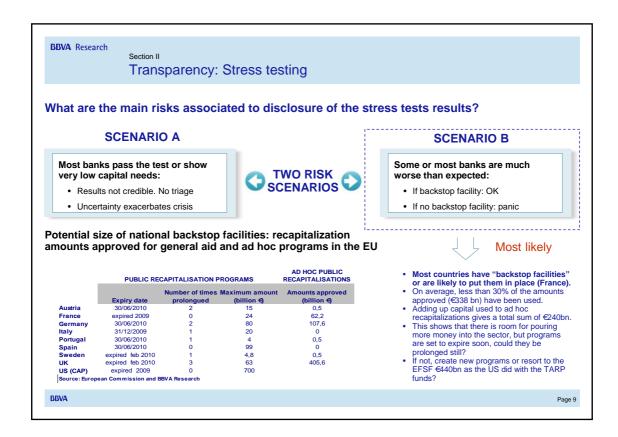
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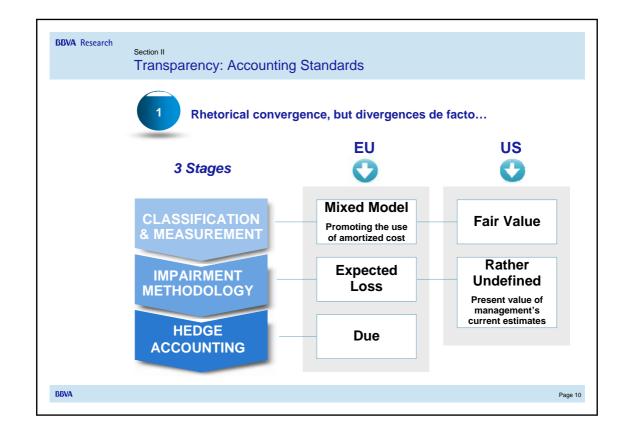


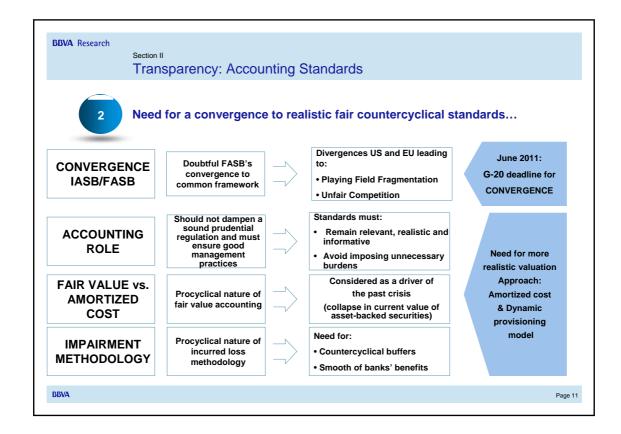


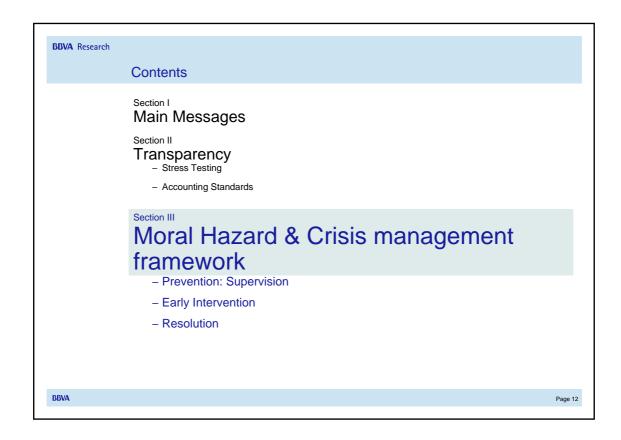
**BBVA** Research Section II Transparency: Stress testing in Europe EU leaders agree to publish STRESS TESTING results by mid july · Stress tests results and methodology must be published · Triage only granted if individual results are also published · They should be rigorous and credible · They are only a first step · Allows for a prompt recapitalization of ailing entities · Avoids a negative market reaction to stress test results Financial backstop facility · EU governments should be clear on this point Facilitates an appropriate cleaning-up of the **Strong** financial sector, avoiding current distortions conditionality BBVA Page 7

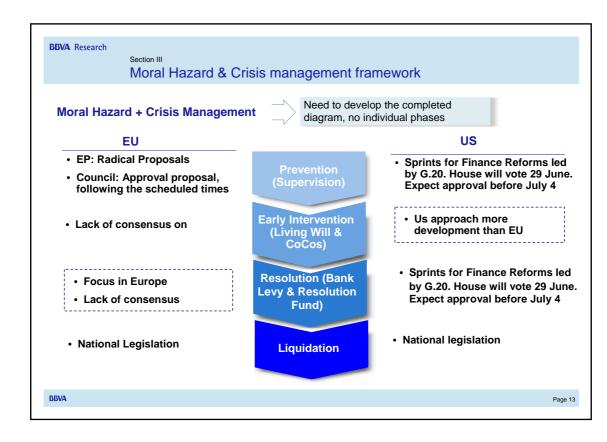


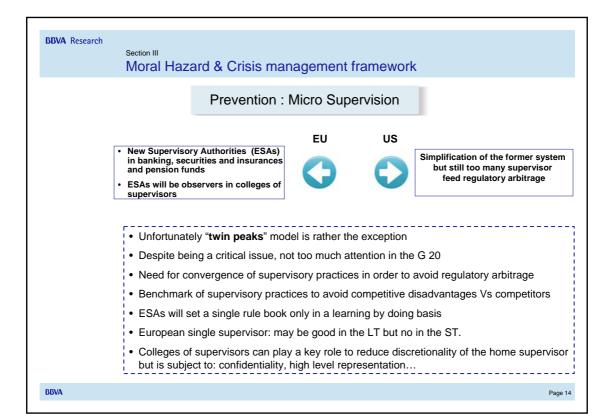


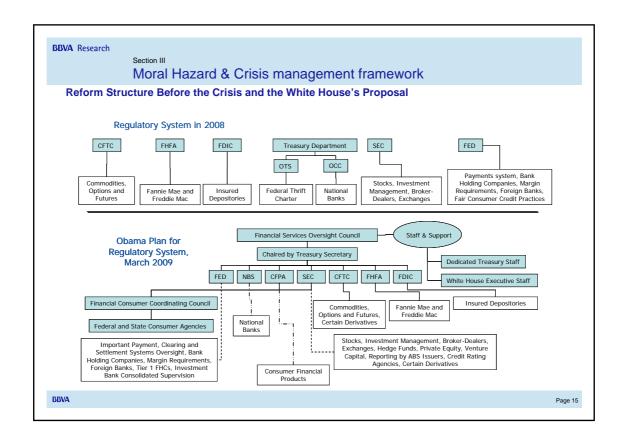


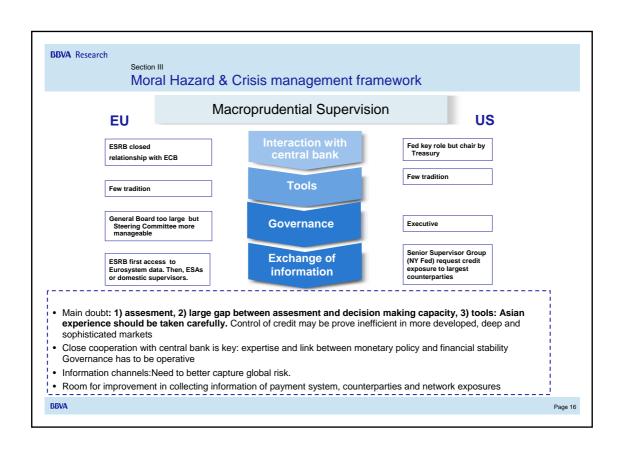












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Section III

# Moral Hazard & Crisis management framework

Type of instrument	Examples	Economies that have used the instrument	
mstrument		Advanced	EME
	Measures targeting credit grow	wth	
Limits calibrated to borrower risk characteristics	LT√ caps, DTI limits, foreign currency lending limits	2	9
Absolute limits	Aggregate or sectoral credit growth ceilings, limits on exposures by instrument		4
Me	asures targeting size and composition of b	ank balance sheets	3
Measures to limit interco	nnectedness		
Limits on leverage	Size-dependent leverage limits or asset risk weights, capital surcharges for systemically important institutions	2	2
Financial system concentration limits	Limits on interbank exposures	1	2
Measures to limit procyc	licality		
Capital	Time-varying capital requirements, restrictions on profit distribution	1	1
Provisioning	Countercyclical/dynamic provisioning	1	5
Measures to address sp	ecific financial risks		
Liquidity risk	Loan-to-deposit limits, core funding ratios, reserve requirements	1	8
Currency risk	Limits on open currency positions or on derivatives transactions		8

Source: BIS

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Section III

Moral Hazard & Crisis management framework: Early intervention

# Early intervention

### EU

- Insignificant notarial document
- It is no international consensus about the use and effectiveness of contingent capital



### US

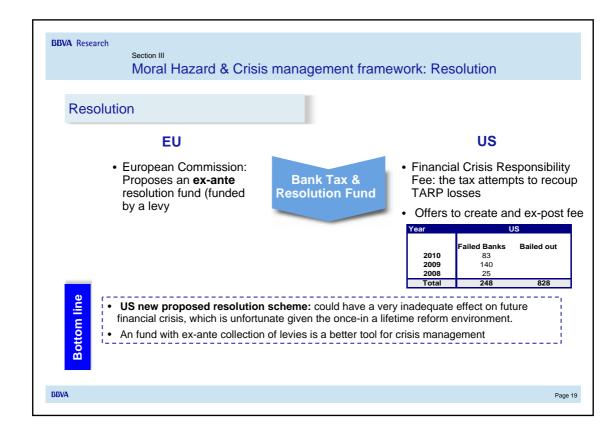
- Tools have been applied later than in the EU, but the US application proves to be more managed and resolved..
- Agrees to impose contingency capital requirements

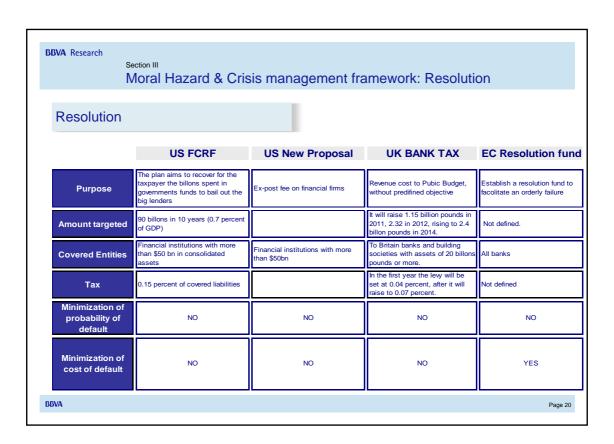
# **Sottom line**

- Living Will: To be useful is necessary a consensus on the way to elaborate a living will, the coordination among supervisor in their approval and implementation
- Cocos: To include some kind of contingent capital could provide several benefits for financial stability and ease crisis management due to its anti-cyclical character

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Section III

Moral Hazard & Crisis management framework: Resolution

Resolution

Bottom line

- Taxation would generate financial disturbances and not solve the current main financial problems
- Concerns about a bank tax not addressed to Resolution Fund, but addressed to Public Budget
- European Resolution Fund:
  - Doubtful combination with the existing national Deposits' Guarantee Funds
  - The burden-sharing problem has not been solved at a European level
  - Europe has not advanced regarding the harmonization of national Funds
  - Important of calibration through cumulative impact analysis

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Annex I

# SYSTEMIC RISK

Little progress in measuring the risk factors of individual entities and the quantification of their relative weight.

### Rankings: Institution interconnectivity and size

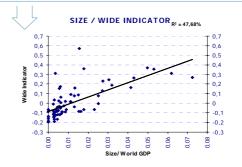
	Ranking		
Institution Name	Wide Indicator	Narrow Indicator	Size
Dexia	1	19	17
BNP Paribas	2	2	4
Credit Suisse Group AG	3	1	15
Deutsche Bank AG	4	8	3
LBB Holding AG-Landesbank	5	36	51
Barclays Pic Royal Bank of Scotland Gro	6	5	2
	7	4	1
Crédit Agricole Group-Créd	8	3	5
UBS AG	9	9	8
BPCE	10	6	9
ING Groep NV	11	13	7
Crédit Industriel et Comme	12	14	37
HSBC Holdings Plc	13	7	6
Natixis	14	11	20
Deutsche Postbank AG	15	40	39

Wide indicator: Size, index of interconnectivity, supervision, market to book and leverage Narrow indicator:size, deposits and trading securities Size: total assets weighted by the world-wide GDP

Courses BBI/A recepted

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Too much emphasis on subjects such as size rather than others such as interconnectivity. If the ranking uses the criterion of interconnectivity, many institutions change their risk position significantly.



Soucer: Bankscope / BBVA Research

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